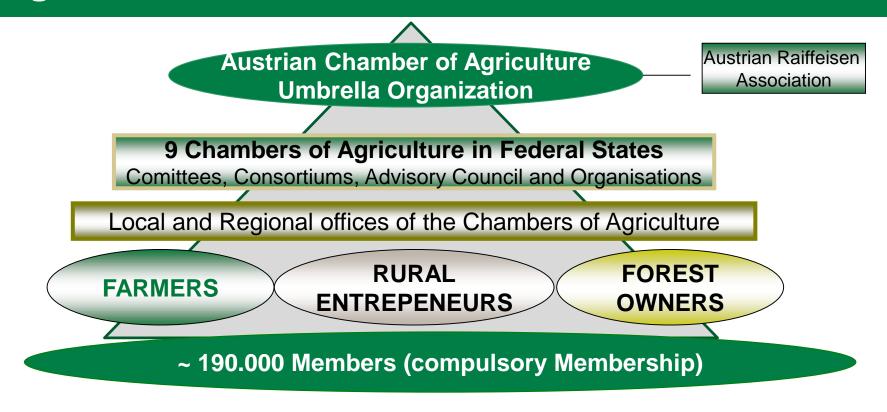
Family farms - the basis of European agriculture

18th October 2019, Telč

Thomas Maximilian Weber Austrian Chamber of Agriculture t.weber@lk-oe.at



Austrian Chamber of Agriculture – Structure, Targets

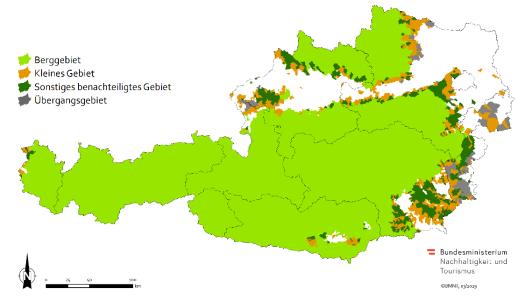


<u>Main Targets:</u> Interest Representation, Administrative Tasks, Training, Advisory Services



Agricultural and forestry holdings in Austria (FSS 2016)

- 161.200 agricultural and forestry holdings
- Total area 7.3 million ha
 - UAA: 2.7 million ha
 - 48% permanent grassland
 - 50% arable land
 - 2% special crops
 - Forest: 3.4 million ha
- 90 % of the area under AECM
- 75 % of holdings in areas with natural constraints (ANCs)
- Organic farming: 20% of farms on 25% of UAA



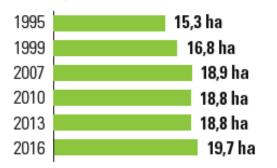


Agricultural and forestry holdings in Austria (FSS 2016)





Average size of farms

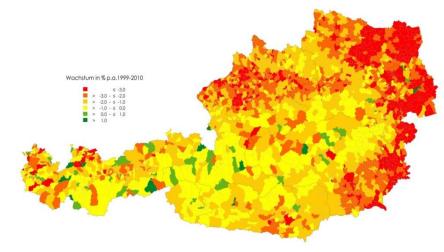


Average UAA area 19,7 ha

- On average 32 cows per farm
- funds in agriculture: 60% for rural development and 40% for direct payments
- Ultimate target: Comprehensive Agriculture

and Forestry

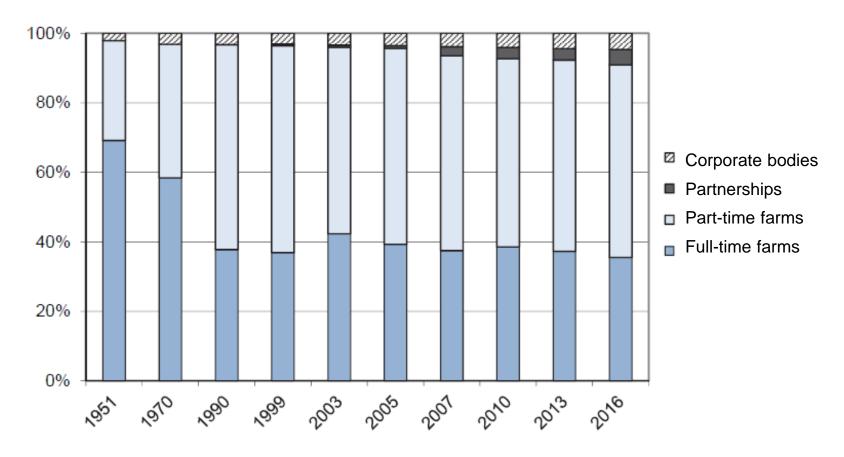
Full internal convergence since 2019



Source: Statistics Austria, LKÖ



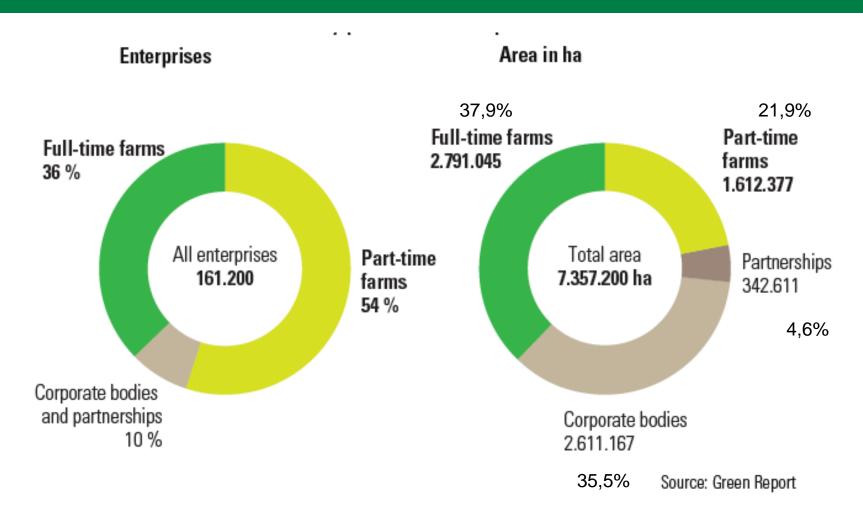
Holdings according to types of occupation in Austria 1951 - 2016



Q: STATISTIK AUSTRIA, Land- und forstwirtschaftliche Betriebszählungen, Agrarstrukturerhebungen.

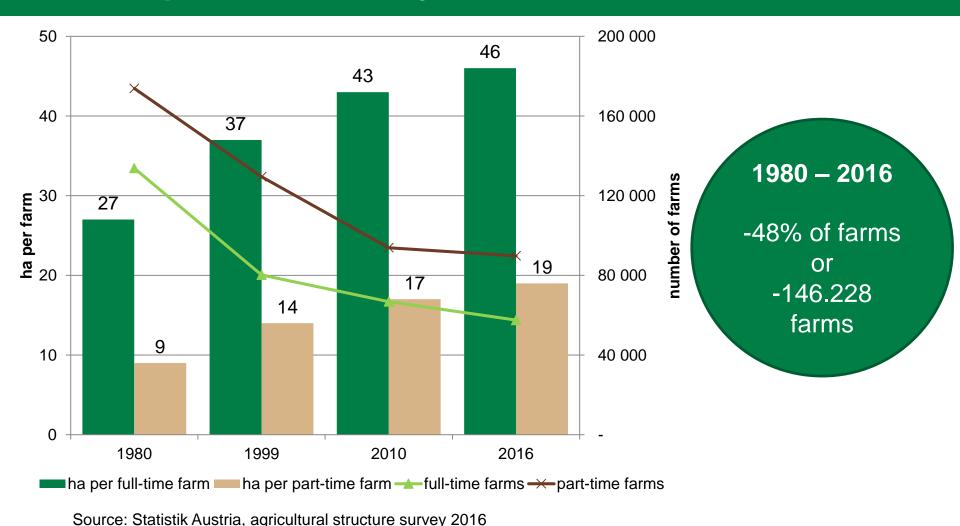


Holdings according to types of occupation 2016



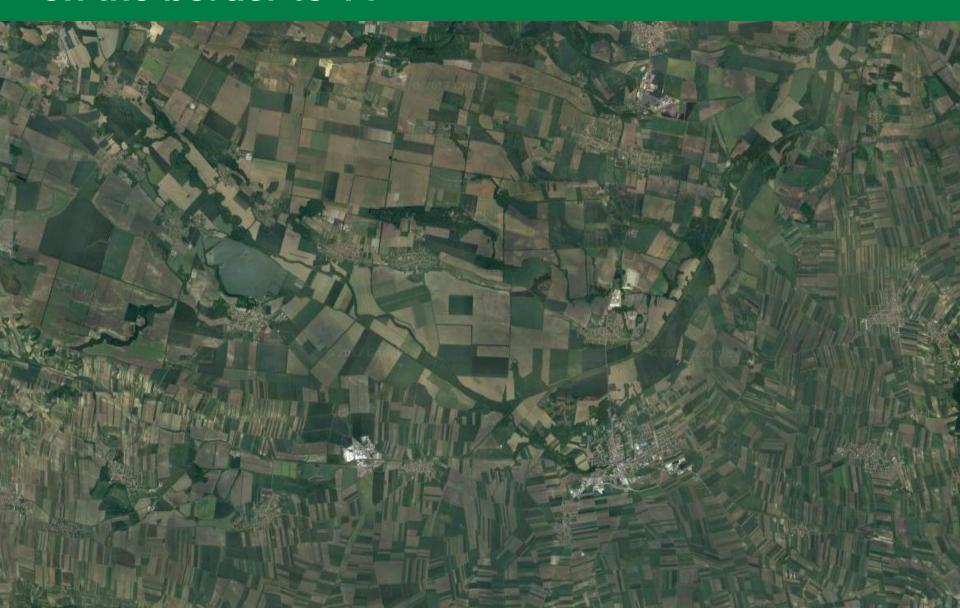


Development of family farms in Austria 1980-2016

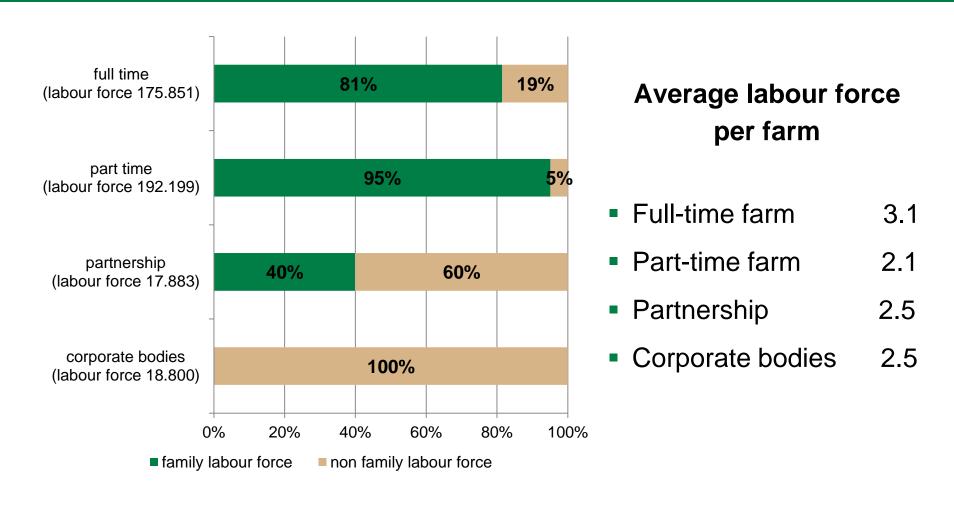




Agricultural structure in Austria on the border to ??



Family labour force of family farms versus other legal types of farming, 2016





Diversification as one key to sucess

Direct marketing: 1/3 of all family farms (46,000 farms, e.g. farm gate sale, farmers markets, cooperation with gastronomy)















"Green care": family farms with care, education or social work services



National CAP-strategic plan Implementation/timeline

- Kick-off event for general public on 13. May 2019
- At the moment: Finalization of SWOT-Analysis + ex-ante evaluation
- Autumn 2019: Start of technical work in several thematic expert

groups (state, federal states, experts)

Expected start for new program 01.01.2022

2021: transition year -> old program with new money





LKÖ position on CAP 2020+ I

- System of incentives instead of system of sanctions
- Practical definition of "grassland" (problem with grassland becoming arable land)
- Definition of genuine farmer
 - Maintain definition of active farmer of the Omnibus-Regulation (2017/2393)
 - Main criteria -> proper management of land and keeping of farm animals
 - no additional bureaucracy for farmers
- Abandonment of the system of payment entitlements
- degresivity and capping of DP -> only 100 farms affected in AT



LKÖ position on CAP 2020+ II

- No or few coupled payments -> quality schemes in second pillar
- Either a comprehensive small farmers scheme or a redistributive payment for first hectares
- Partial derogations from conditionality for small farmers
- Well-funded top-up for young farmers in first pillar
 - -> keep supprt for young farmers on same level as this period -> 2%
- Transfer FaST (GAEC 5) into FAS
- No transfer of amounts between direct payments and EAFRD



LKÖ position on CAP 2020+ III

- Additional quality schemes in second pillar
- Lump sum costs for support in investments
- risk management tools should be voluntary in CAP
- Strong and well-funded second pillar
- Focus on production of high quality food and indication of origin

Commitment of Ministry of Agriculture to strengthen family farms



Considerations on eco scheme and AECM

- Maintain and further develop our AECM program (24 different measures in period 14-20)
- Many "small" measures -> possibility to combine on voluntary base
- Additional specific measures for biodiversity
 - Maybe different measures with focus on birds, insects, plants
- Additional measures in order to fulfill the NEC directive
- No measures on regional level (as before only on farm level)
- National discussions on eco schemes just started -> LKÖ in favor of voluntary implementation if high participation in AECMs in MS



ÖPUL 2015 - Austria's agri-environmental programme

MEASURE OVERVIEW ÖPUL 2015 (ACCORDING TO ART. 28, 29, 30 AND 33 OF EU-REGULATION 1305/2013 IN THE CONTEXT OF THE AUSTRIAN RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME 2014-2020) Austrian programme to promote an environmentally friendly, extensive and habitat-protecting agriculture 2017+

| | | | 12 | | 400000 |
|---|---|--|---|---|---|
| General measures | Arable land | | Grassland | Others | |
| Environmentally friendly and biodiversity promoting management | Greening of arable land/ intermediate crops | Greening of arable land/ system "Evergreen" | Renouncement of silage | Erosion protection in vineyards, fruits and hops | Animal welfare/ grazing of livestock art, 33 of EU-Reg, 1305/2013 |
| maintainance of landscape elements and grassland, min. 5% biodiversity- areas, crop rotation, max. 66% of one crop, education GL: 45 (15) & Cha A: 45 (450) & Cha A-blooming crops: 165 & Cha 6 & CLSE & Cha | yearly, area-wide greening of arable land (min. 10% of arable land) according to different periods (variants), renouncement of nitrogen fertilizers and pesticides in intermediate crops A: 160 (120-200) 6tha intermediate crop, 200 6tha for blooming beecrops | area-wide greening (min. 85% of arable land), max, period without greening 50 days, documentation, renouncement of nitrogen fertilizers and pesticides in intermediate crops A: 80 G/ha | renouncement of silage making and storage Mowed GL and arable-forage: 80 Cha for animal-keepers, 150 Cha for milk-animal-keepers | yearly, area-wide greening of machine tracks in vineyards, fruits and hops or at minimum winter-greening of hops and wine in case of a gradient < 25 % of the slope, documentation P: 200 (100-800) 6/ha fruit, wine and hops, according to variant and gradient of area | min. 120 days grazing of livestock on pastures (between 01.04, und 15.11.), documentation 55 GLU for cattle, sheep and goats, max. 4 LU/ha, ½ premia in case of simultaneous mountain grazing of the animal |
| Organic farming art. 29 of EU-Reg. 1305/2013 | Preventative groundwater protection (regional) | Direct seeding and seeding on mulch | Mountain grazing and herding | Pesticide renouncement in vineyards and hops | Animal welfare/ stable (starting 2017) art, 33 of EU-Reg, 1305/2013 |
| compliance with EU-Organic-Reg. and acknowledgement as organic farm, maintenance of landscape elements and grassland; education GL: 225 (70) @ha A: 230 (350, 450) @ha P: 700 @ha LSE: 6 @LSE%/ha organic bees: 25 @hive | Arable land: reduced fertilization, extended period without nitrogen fertilization, documentation, education, soil-samples Grassland: reduced fertilization, renouncement of grassland-conversation, documentation, education, soil-samples A: 100 (110, 130) 6' ha GL: 100/70 6'ha | participation on greening of arable land, yearly sowing by erosion-reduction sowing-methods (mulch-seeding, direct-seeding, strip-till) after an intermediate crop, sowing a main crop within 4 weeks after soil working. A: 60 67ha for erosion-endangered crops (e.g. maize, sugarbeet) | Grazing: Min. 60 days grazing on alpine pastures, max. 2,0 LU/ha, closed nutrient circles, renounce-ment of nitrogen fertilizers and pesticides (exempt organic-prod.) Herding: Daily herding of animals grazing on alpine pastures Alpine-G: 40 (50,60 @ha), Herding 20-190 @LU | participation in Erosion protection in vineyards, fruits and hops, renouncement of <u>insecticides</u> and/or <u>herbicides</u> (combinable) P: 250 @tha (insecticides) P: 250 @tha (herbicides) | increased space in the stable, solid floor in laying area, soft bedding material 180 OLU for cattle, 150/120 in case of simultaneous mountain- grazing/grazing 65 OLU for fattening pigs 80 OLU for breeding sows |
| Limitation of yield increasing inputs * | Preventative surface water protection on arable land (regional) | Management of arable areas particularly threatened by leaching | Cultivation of mowed mountain-grassland ** | Use of beneficial organisms in greenhouses | Maintenance of endangered livestock breeds |
| renouncement of nitrogen fertilizers on the whole farm and renouncement of pesticides on grassland, Organic- products are allowed GL/NP: 60 Cha, no premia for non- animal-keepers | establishing a minimum 12 m buffer strip adjacent to polluted surface rivers, renouncement of nitrogen fertilizers and pesticides on these strips, yearly cultivation, no pasture A: 450 Tha | establishing a permanent green cover on areas threatened by leaching, renouncement of nitrogen fertilizers and pesticides on these areas, yearly cultivation, no pasture A: 450 & Cha | steep slopes > 50%: yearly mowing, mowed mountain grassland (>1.200m altitude): yearly mowing, renouncement of nitrogen fertilizers and pesticides GL: Steep slopes 370 Eha, GL: Mountain GL: 350-800 Eha | yearly, area-wide use of beneficial organisms in at least one green-house that replace pesticide use GH on soil: 1.000 Tha GH not on soil: 2.000 Tha | keeping and breeding of endangered animals, e.g. Pinzgauer-, Murbodner-, Grauvieh-cattle, Brillenschaf, Gebirgsziege; Keeping min. 01.04. – 31.12., documentation e.g. cows: 180/210/280 @animal |
| Nature conservation ** | Cultivation of rare agricultural plants ** | Renouncement of fungicides and growth regulators * | Natura 2000 – Agriculture art. 30 of EU-Reg. 1305/2013 | Surface-near spreading of liquid farm manure | |
| management of sensible areas according to specific obligations (set by the nature conservation authority), optional integration into regional or result oriented nature conservation plan GL: < 900 & Ha, A: < 700 & Ha | cultivation of rare agricultural crops according to a crop list (e. g. spelt, rye, clover, poppy), documentation A: 120 (200) & Oha | renouncement of fungicides and growth regulators in cereals A: 40 6Tha cereals | relevant mandatory requirements for area management and cultivation according to these requirements GL: 37-270 6Tha and requirement | surface-near spreading of liquid farm manure (min. 50% of spreaded liquid farm manure), documentation A, GL: 1 (1,20) & max. 30m\ha | |

Mandatory combination with measure "Environmentally friendly and biodiversity promoting management

<u>Abbreviations</u>: GL = grassland, A = arable land, P = permanent crops, GH = greenhouse, LSE = landscape elements; LU = livestock units

Premias are shown for main premia categories, e.g. grassland with animals, main arable crops. In brackets more possible premias are shown, which are applicable for special crops/commitments

FOREIN LEBENSWERTES

^{**...} Mandatory combination with measure "Environmentally friendly and biodiversity promoting management" or "Organic farming"

